January 13, 2020

HOME and **Housing Trust** Fund **JANUARY 12 – 14 Housing Credit JANUARY 14 - 16** Working with CHDOs **MRBs** and **Other Federal** Homeownership **Programs JANUARY 15 – 17** Section 8 and **Other Federally** Assisted **Multifamily**





Housing **JANUARY 15 – 17**





THE HFA INSTITUTE 2020 CHDO Topics

- Update on program deadlines
- Choice of topics vote for topic
 - Certification issues
 - Role issues
 - Discussion of capacity issues & workouts

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Update on CHDO Commitments & deadlines

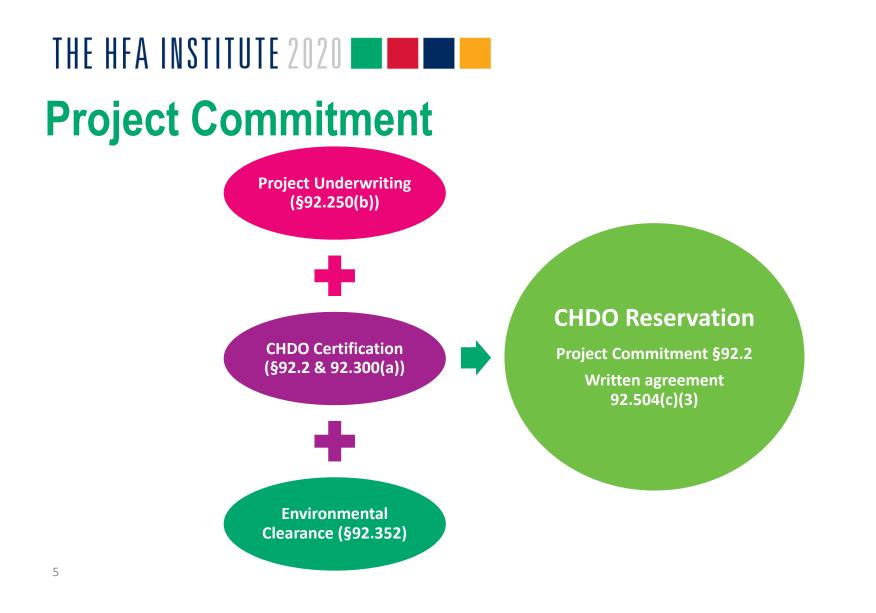
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- To reserve CHDO set-aside funds, funds must be <u>committed</u> to a specific CHDO project
- 24 month reservation/commitment deadline
 - Suspended appropriation year-by-year

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- Consol. Approp. Act of 2019 suspended CHDO reservation deadline thru 2021 & restored CHDO funds deobligated in 2018
- 2020 appropriations extended suspension thru 2022







Current CHDO Deadlines

- 24 month CHDO reservation: suspended
- But project deadlines remain in force:
 - Homebuyer: project completed/sold within 4 years
 - 9 months from construction completion to ratified sales contract (part of 4 years)
 - Rental: project completion (work completed, funds expended) within 4 years of commitment
 - 18 months from completion for initial occupancy (occupancy not part of 4 years)





Certifying CHDOs

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THE HFA INSTITUTE 2020 CHDO Certification



- Each time it commits funds to a specific CHDO project, a PJ must certify that the nonprofit:
 - Meets CHDO definition (including the staff capacity requirement)
 - Has capacity to fulfill specific role (owner, developer, sponsor) it will assume for the project
- This is in addition to the underwriting and other conditions for a project commitment

THE HEA INSTITUTE 2020 Meeting the CHDO Definition





THE HFA INSTITUTE 2020 CHDO Legal Structure

- To be eligible, organization must:
 - Be organized under state and local law
 - Have among its purposes to provide decent and affordable housing to
 low income persons
 - Net earnings provide no benefit to members, founders, or other individuals
 - Not be under control of individuals/entities seeking to profit
 - Have IRS tax exempt status
 - Not be a governmental entity (PJ, other Jurisdiction, tribe, PHA, IHA, HFA, RA)

- Applicable to all CHDOs
 - Max. 1/3 of board public officials or gov't employees
 - CHDO employees <u>cannot</u> be gov't officials/employees
- If created by a governmental entity
 - Gov't entity cannot appoint more than 1/3 of board, those members may not appoint remaining 2/3
- If created by for-profit
 - For-profit can't be housing development/mgt entity
 - For-profit can't appoint more than 1/3 of board...
 - For-profit officers/employees can't be CHDO employees

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Accountable to the LI Community

- 1. CHDO's "community"
 - May be multi-jurisdictional, but not entire state, and
 - At least one year of service to community (not limited to housing)
- 2. At least 1/3 LI representation on board
 - Low-income residents of the community
 - Residents of low-income neighborhoods
 - Elected representatives of LI neighborhood org
 - Gov't officials/employees/appointees not counted to LI
- 3. Formal process for LI input on project design, development & management

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THE HFA INSTITUTE 2020 Capacity

- Financial mgt system: 2 CFR 200.302 200.303
- CHDO must have paid staff with capacity to oversee project
- CHDO must demonstrate capacity in relation to its "role"
 - Own, Develop, and Sponsor roles as defined in §92.300(a)(2) (6)

THE HEA INSTITUTE 2020 **Staff Capacity**

- Paid staff capacity appropriate to CHDO role
 - Could be full-time or part-time
 - Must be directly paid by CHDO: W-2 or contracted
- Staff cannot be:
 - Donated by, contracted through, or cost allocated from another entity (including parent nonprofit)
 - Board members or volunteers
 - Consultants—except 1st year of CHDO funding
 - Officials/employees of govt or of for-profit creator

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PJ Implications: Certification

- Tie certification to project funding
 - Ensure full updated review for CHDOs receiving multiple commitments
- Set framework to evaluate staff capacity
 - Skills, prior experience, availability
 - Varies by project type & role
- Document board independence
 - Governmental entity relationships need to be documented for all board members & staff





CHDO Roles



Roles: Own, Develop, or Sponsor

- Own, Develop, and Sponsor roles defined in §92.300(a)(2) (6)
 - Previously in CPD-97-11
- Key considerations:
 - 1. Ownership/development activity
 - 2. Ownership/control by CHDO
- CHDO must demonstrate capacity in relation to its "role" certify for specific project role



CHDO as Developer: Homebuyer

- CHDO owns, rehabs/constructs, then sells
 - If wholly-owned subsidiary, HUD waiver needed
- Written agreement with CHDO must include:
 - Actual sales price or method for determining it
 - Disposition of sale proceeds: return to PJ as PI or CHDO to retain as Proceeds (and use of proceeds)
- Not CHDO-specific, but all buyers must be underwritten, no more one-size fits all DPA

THE HFA INSTITUTE 2020 CHDO as Owner: Rental

- CHDO itself acquires & owns rental housing
- CHDO does not have to develop
 - If development, CHDO can hire/oversee project manager or developer to rehab/construct
- CHDO must be owner in fee simple or have long-term ground lease during development and affordability period

THE HEA INSTITUTE 2020 CHDO as Developer: Rental



- CHDO itself owns and develops housing
- CHDO arranges financing and is in sole charge of construction or rehab
- CHDO must be owner in fee simple or have long-term ground lease during development and affordability period

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CHDO as Sponsor: Rental Turnkey to Other Nonprofit

- CHDO develops housing on behalf of another non-profit and transfers title after completion
 - Conveyed at pre-determined time to pre-identified nonprofit
 - Other nonprofit cannot be created by governmental entity, but can be another CHDO
- If transfer does not happen, CHDO must maintain ownership for affordability period



CHDO as Sponsor: Rental CHDO Affiliate

- Rental housing is "sponsored" by a CHDO if owned or developed by a:
 - For-profit or nonprofit that is wholly-owned subsidiary of the CHDO; or
 - If owned by an Limited Partnership (LP) or Limited Liability Company (LLC), the CHDO or its wholly owned subsidiary must be the <u>sole</u> general partner (LP) or <u>sole</u> managing member (LLC) (with limitations on replacement)
- PJ must provide (loan) funds directly to ownership entity

- Assess impact of role requirements
 - Owner role expands opportunity for CHDOs without "development" experience, some may be new CHDOs
 - Sponsor role impacts on LIHTC projects
 - Agreement and funds flow directly with/to ownership entity
 - Can't grant to CHDO as intermediary who loans to owner
 - No more joint ventures
 - Written agreement provisions re: maintaining CHDO status, removal/replacement of CHDO





Discussion: Capacity Issues & Workouts

THE HEA INSTITUTE 2020 **What Are Your CHDO Challenges?**

Existing CHDOs/Projects

- CHDOs losing or abandoning status?
- CHDOs going out of business?
- CHDO projects not financially viable?
- CHDOs not able to maintain/manage?
- Other?

New CHDOs or Activities

- Attracting/qualifying CHDOs?
- Underserved areas?
- New types of projects?
- CHDOs not able to meet role requirements?
- Other?





It's Not Just A Regulatory Issue

- Funding is lower → fewer CHDOs supported
 - But CHDO funding was never sufficient to fully support CHDOs
- Other funding also is being reduced → increasing difficulty for nonprofits to survive
- CHDO is a long-term commitment (period of affordability) → PJs cannot fund CHDOs that cannot survive

THE HFA INSTITUTE 2020 Survival: Dual Imperatives





Projects must be financially viable and self-sufficient, and should fully compensate CHDOs for development & management Non-profits must act like

businesses, and must plan, manage and diversify to ensure their long-term survival

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- Integrate strategic planning
- Enhance financial management & control
- Diversify operations & revenue sources
- Broaden roles
- Analyze/stabilize portfolio
- Expand partnerships
- Consider mergers & acquisitions

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Survival Strategies: Projects

- Projects must be feasible and viable, not a drain on nonprofit resources
 - Underwriting, assistance, monitoring, workouts
- Focus on underwriting:
 - Analyze market demand (is it sustainable demand?)
 - Properly capitalize improvements (useful life)
 - Provide funding sufficient to ensure operating viability (POA operating analysis & funding of reserves)
 - Fund full developer fees (disburse by milestones)
 - Assess capacity to manage



- Technical assistance
- Operating assistance
 - Maximum 5% of award
 - Set-aside funding or expected within 24 months
- Pre-development loans
 - Maximum 10% of set-aside funding
 - Forgivable if project infeasible
- CHDO proceeds

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- Net sales proceeds from homebuyer
- Not limited to HOME uses but for LI housing



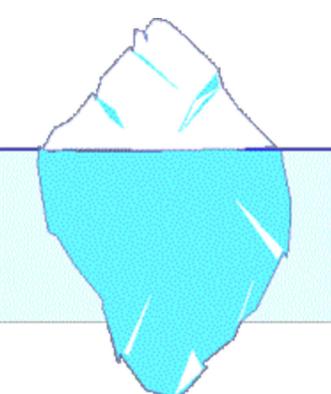


- It's not just about compliance, but about viability → asset management perspective
 - Physical inspections not just for minimum deficiencies, but for deferred maintenance
 - Financial review financial red flags, e.g.:
 - Revenues not increasing or declining
 - Increased vacancy & collection loss
 - Missed reserve contributions
 - Increasing payables
 - Organizational health (turnover, financial health)

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Project Workouts

- If project problems, analyze for project workout. Workout principles:
 - Expose all problems (not just tip of the iceberg)
 - Don't just band-aid symptoms
 - Over-engineer the workout for long-term viability
 - All parties must come to the table and participate in the workout solution



THE HFA INSTITUTE 2020 **HOME & Workouts**

- Consider changes to HOME loan terms
 - Generally, cannot "double dip" during the POA
 - However, 92.210 sets conditions for additional HOME investment or change in assisted units
- Request HUD TA
- Also, consider operating expenses & CHDO proceeds, if available



Organizational Workouts

- If CHDO organization is failing, conduct org assessment & provide TA to stabilize
- If CHDO is not viable
 - Sell/transfer project(s) to another CHDO to retain CHDO status of funds
 - Use ROFR or other legal options to gain control & preserve units (& avoid repayment)





Wrap Up



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